

Stormwater management: opportunities and challenges

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US EPA: stormwater runoff is the fastest growing water problem

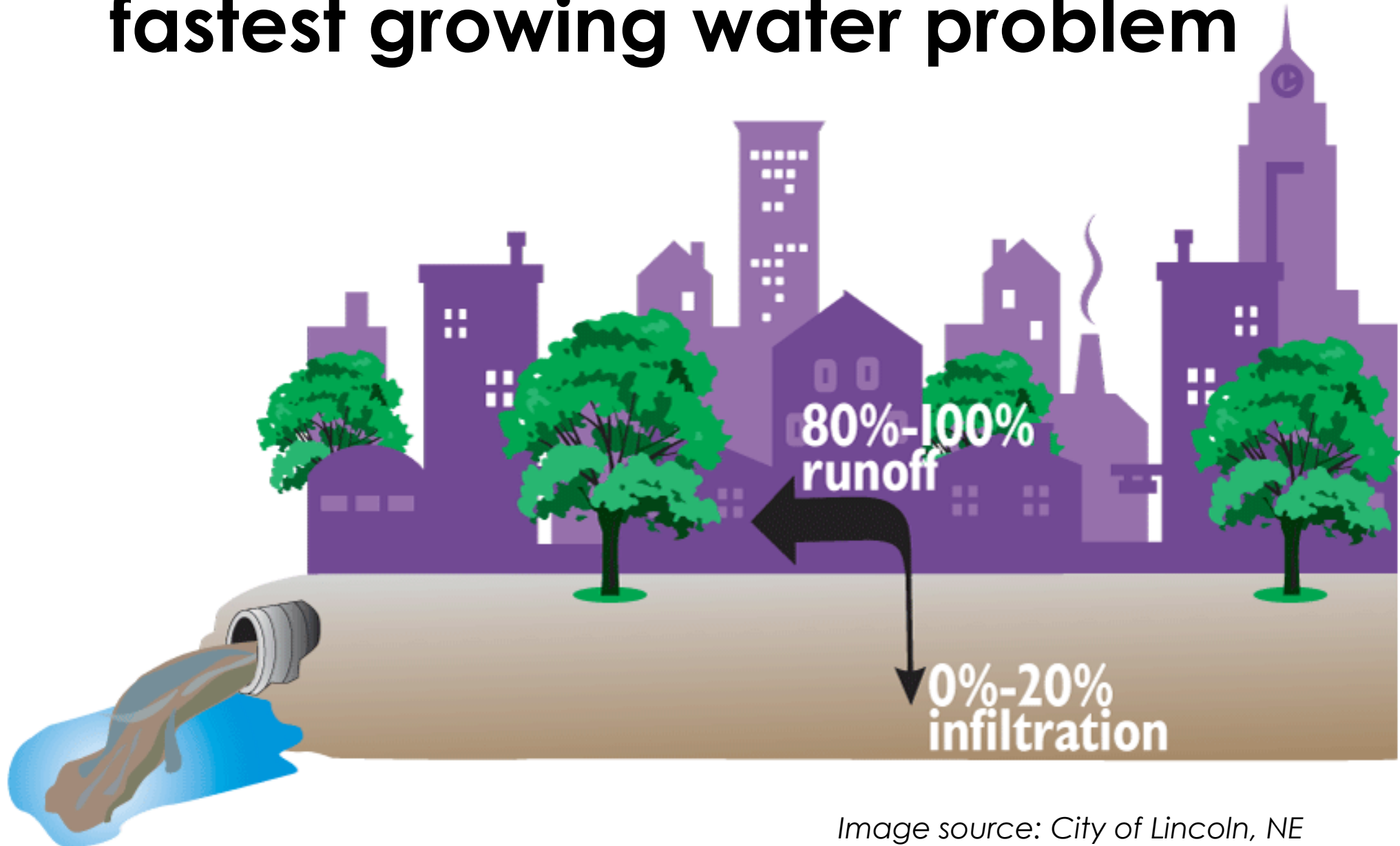
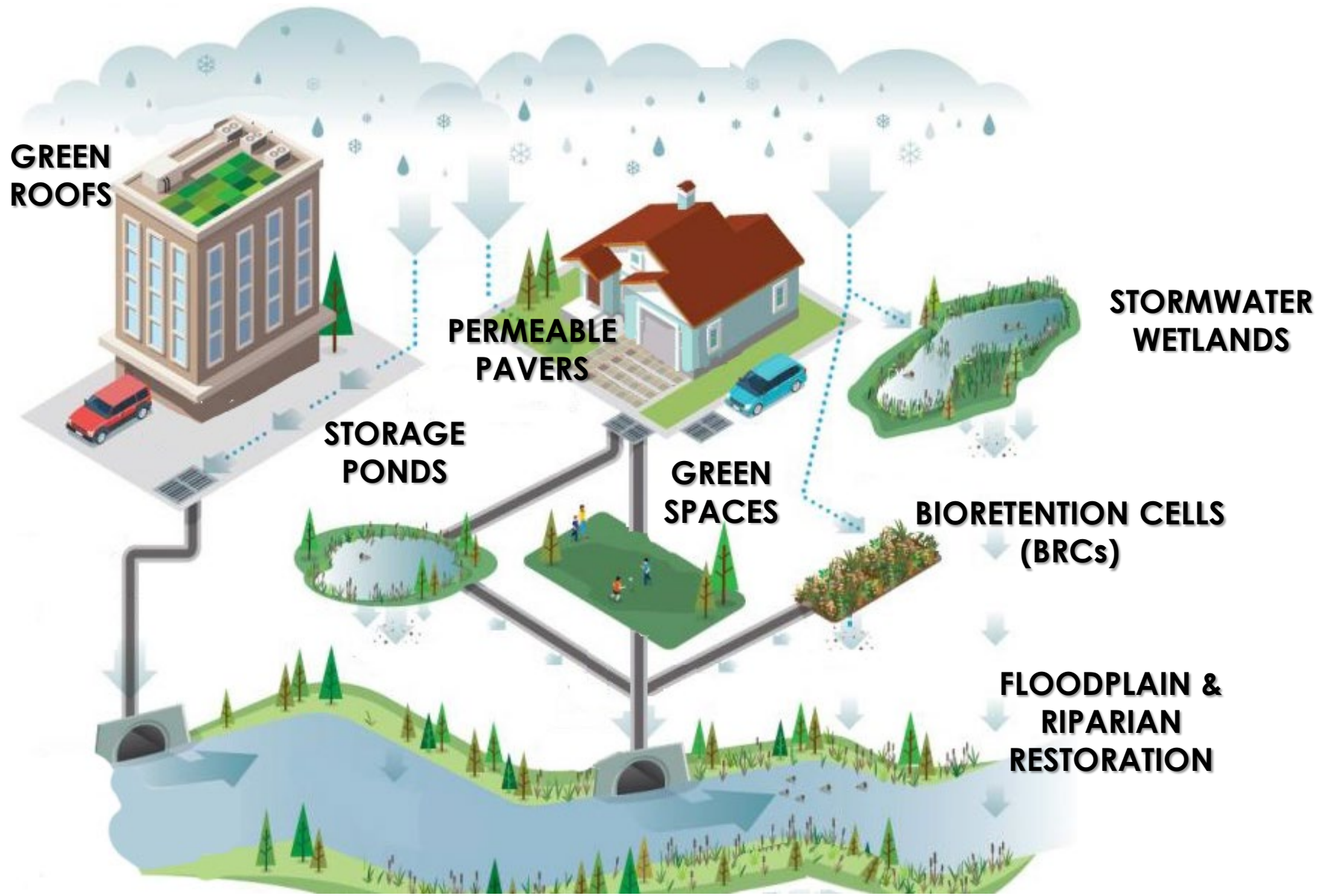


Image source: City of Lincoln, NE



Stormwater management

Stormwater management is used to improve **water quality** and reduce **runoff quantity**

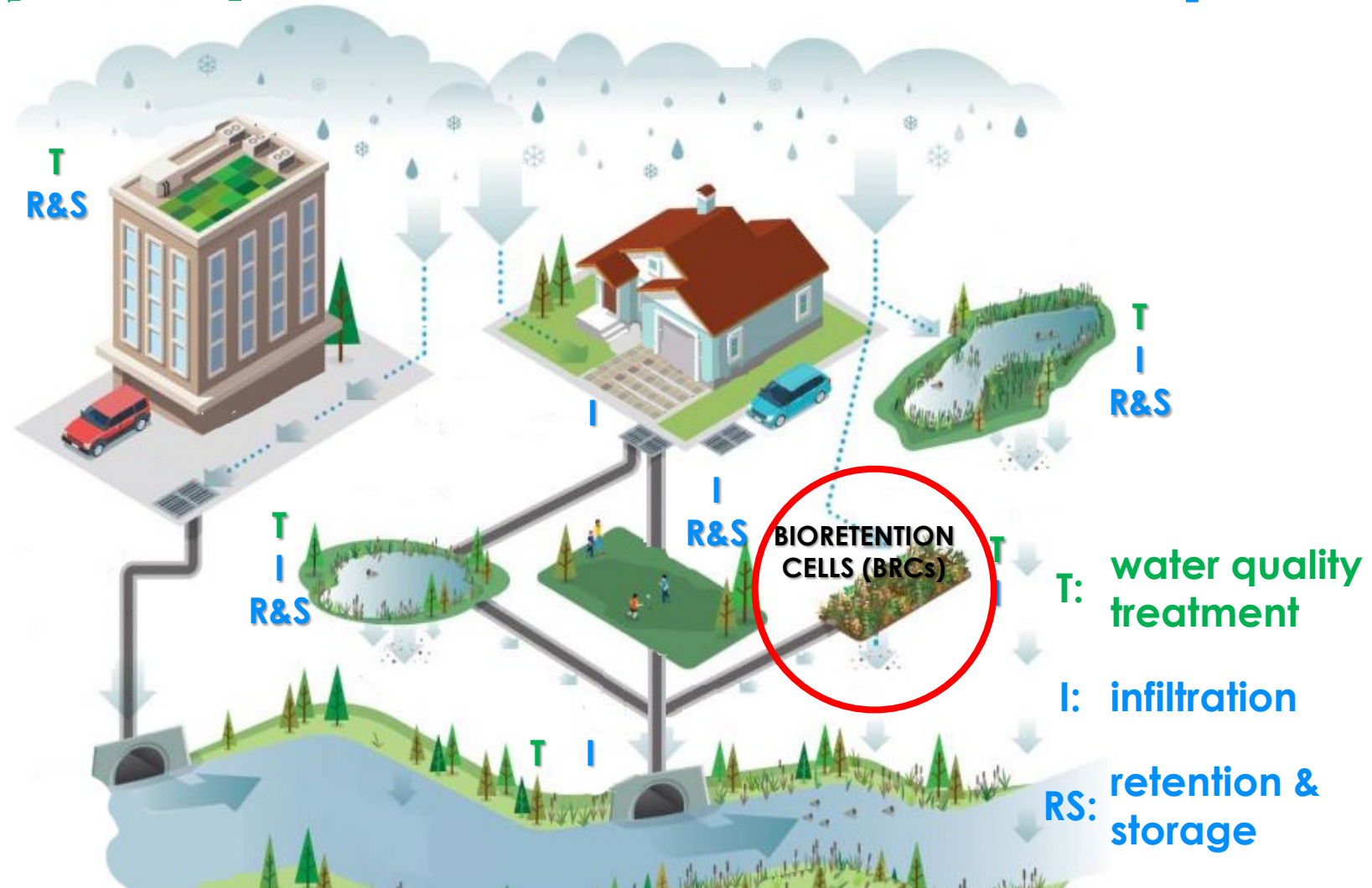
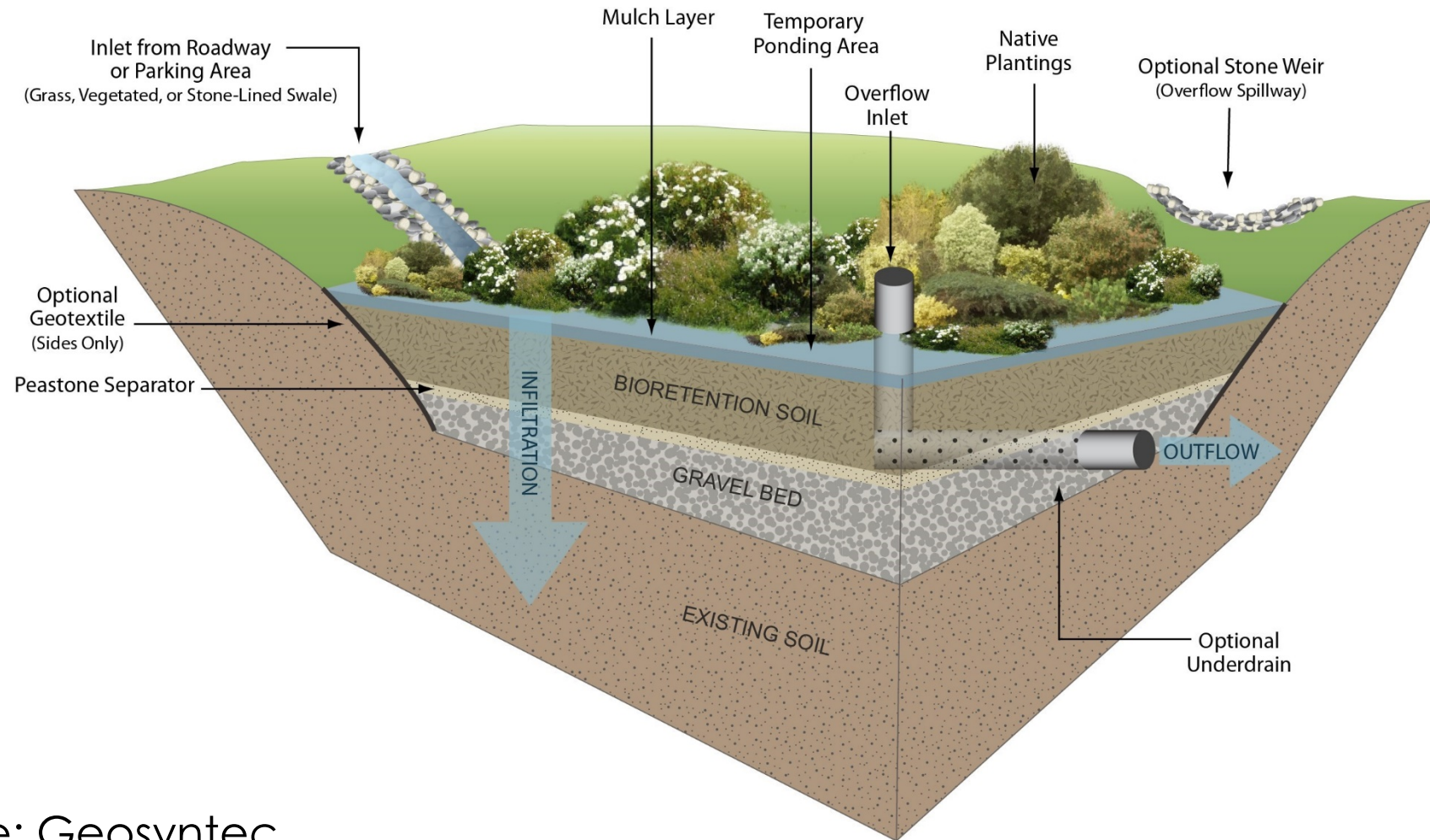
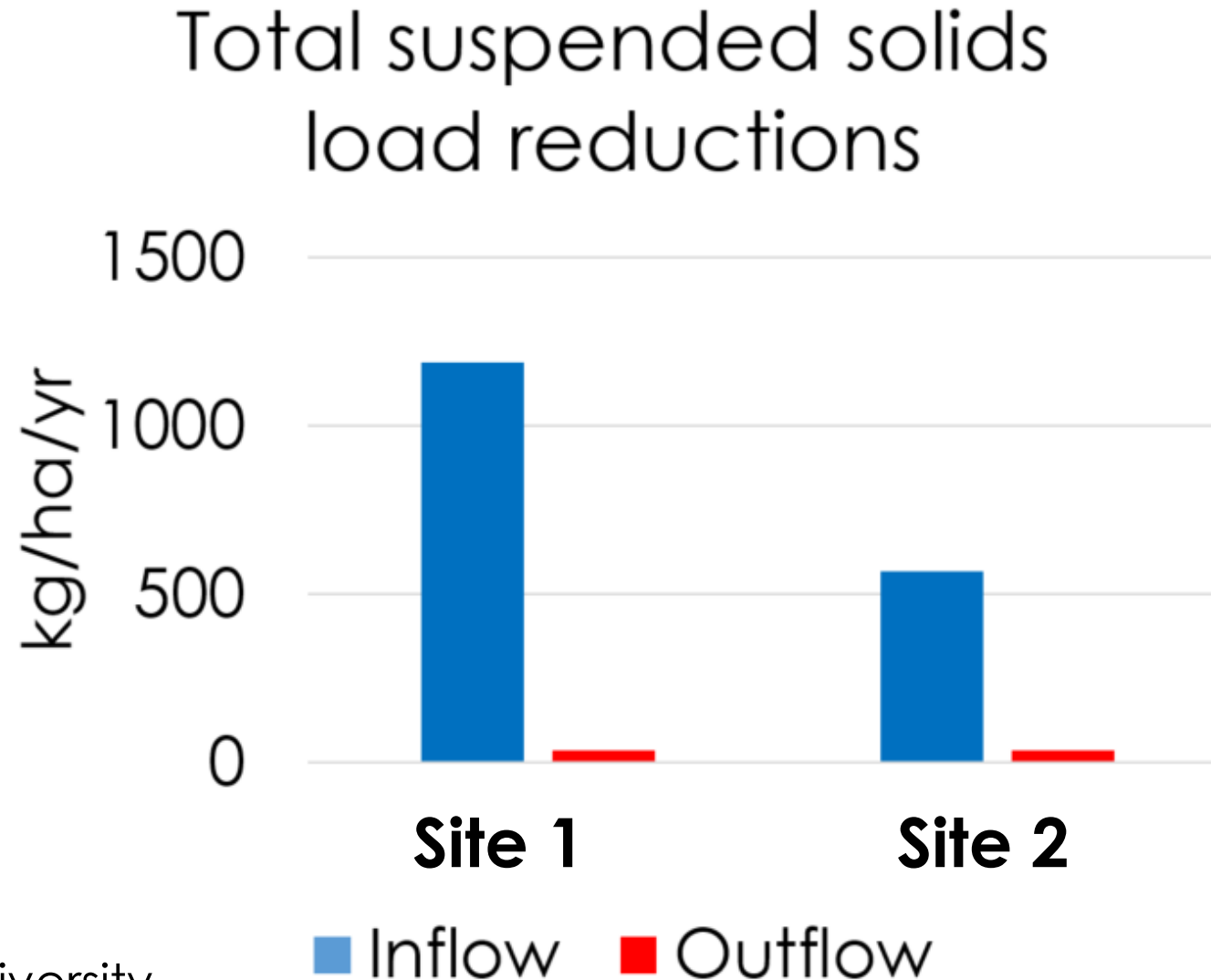


Image source: Global Info Resource

Bioretention cells (BRCs) are used to remediate urban stormwater runoff

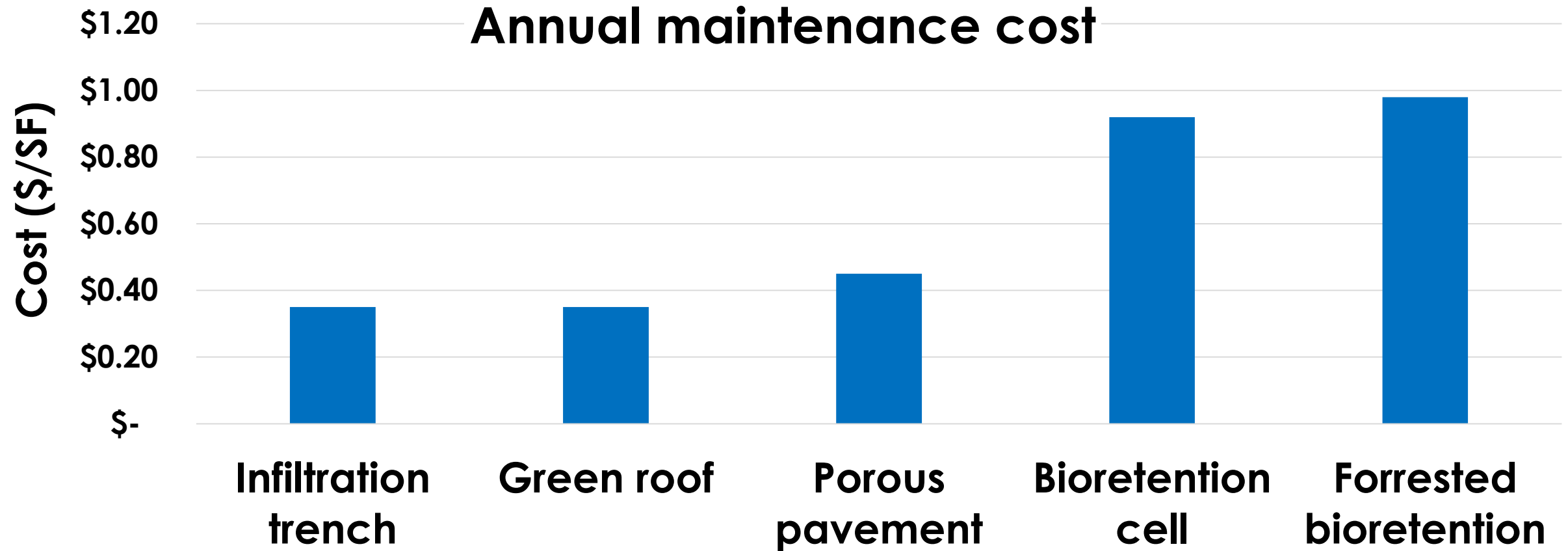


Studies show BRCs improve water quality



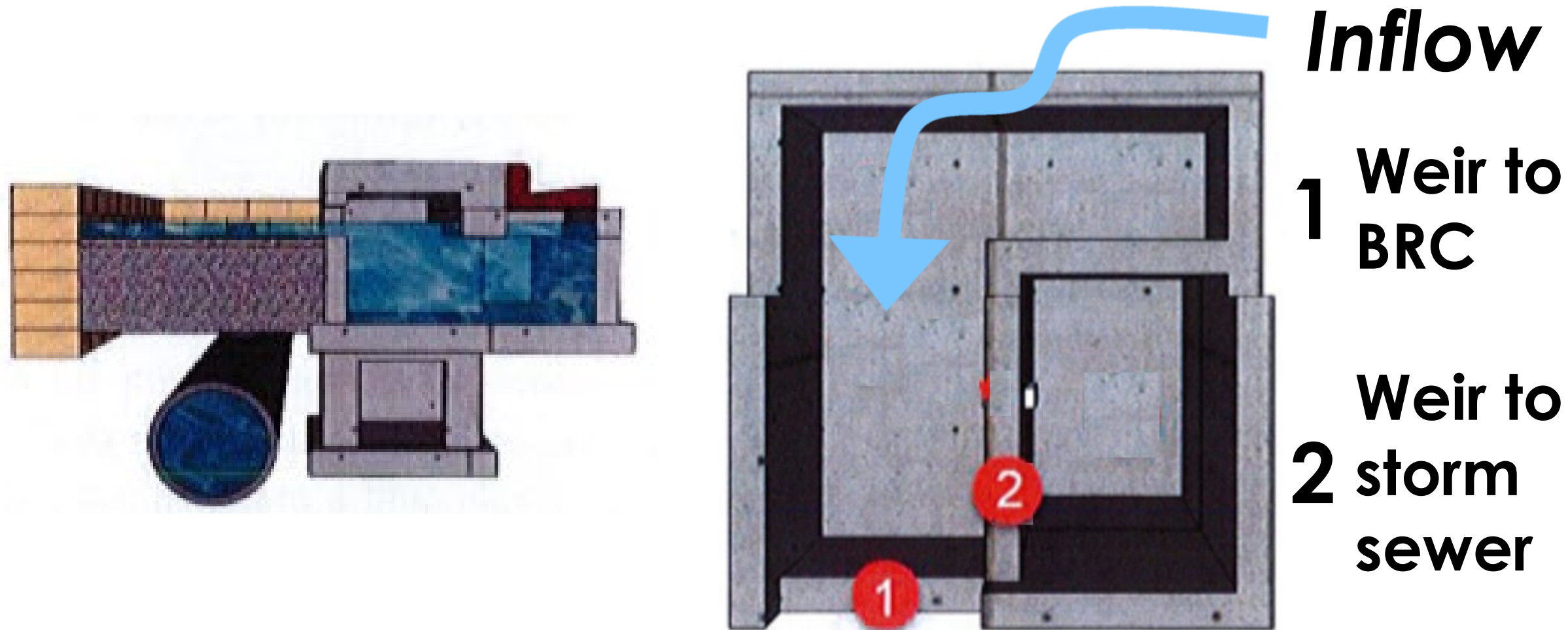
Data adapted from:
Bill Hunt, NC State University

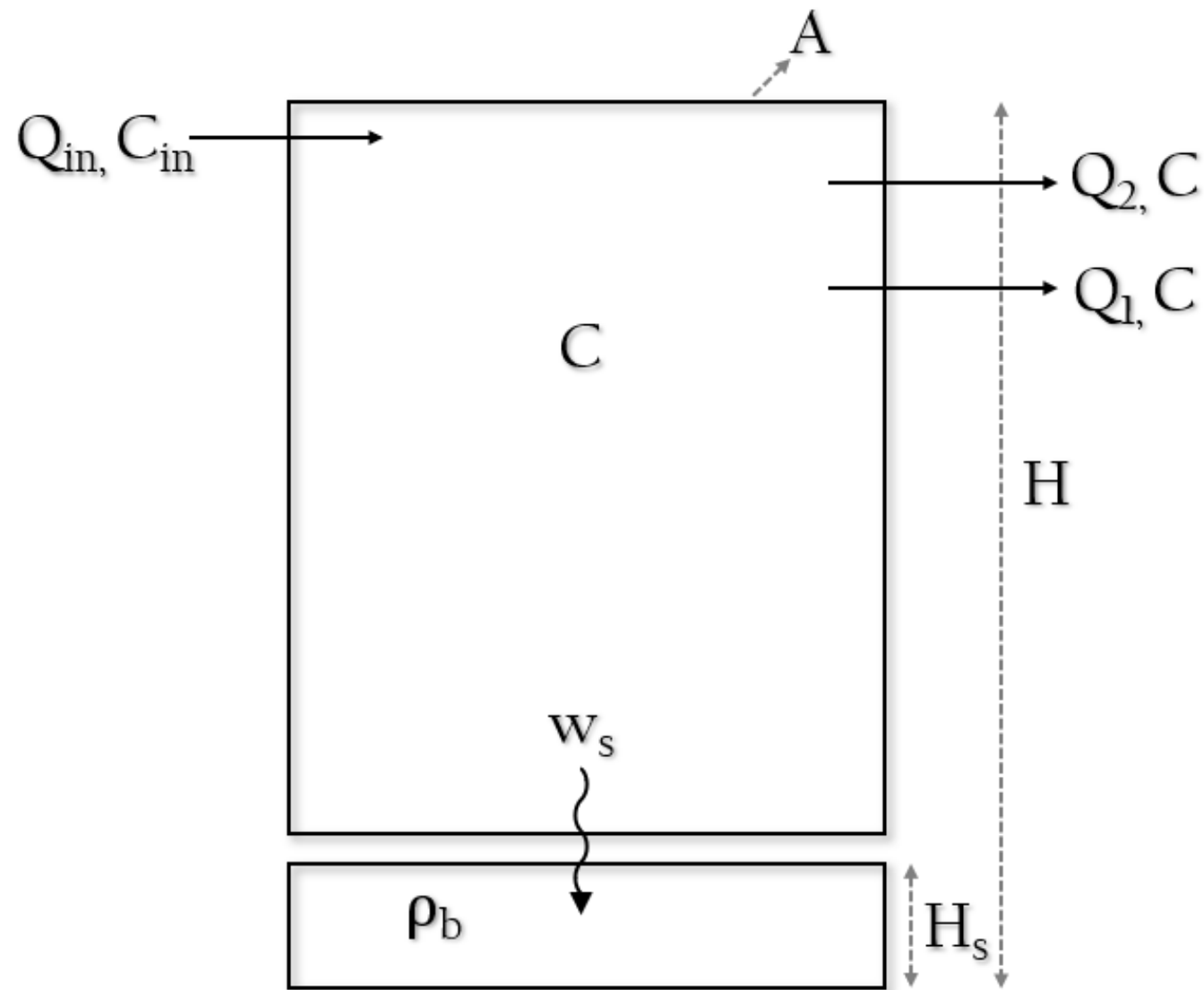
But sediments can clog the BRC and lead to costly maintenance





The Johnston BRC has an intake structure that can function as settling chamber





$$A \frac{d}{dt} (H - H_s) = Q_{in} - Q_{out}$$

$$A \frac{d}{dt} [C(H - H_s)] = Q_{in}C - Q_{out}C - w_s A C$$

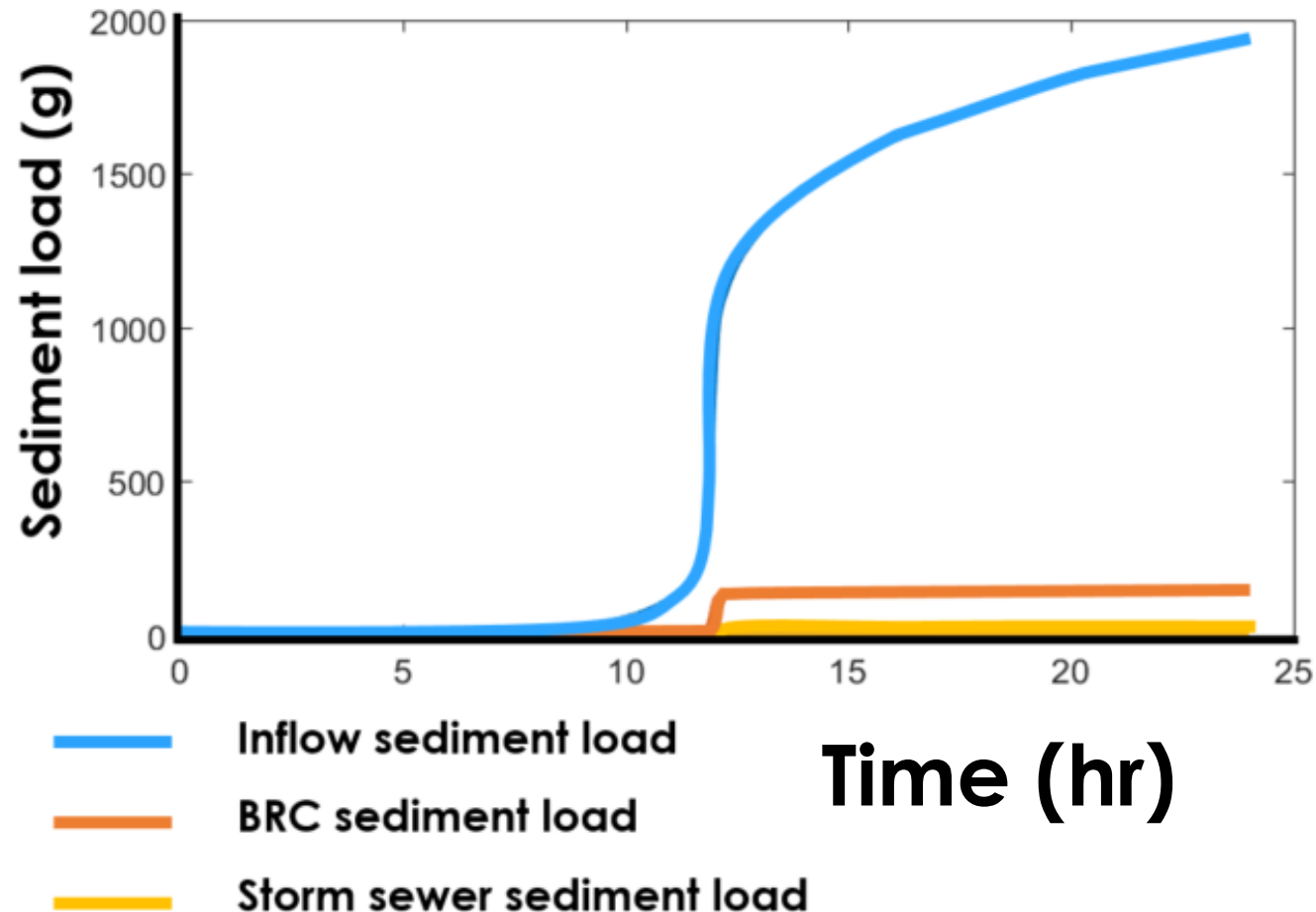
$$A \frac{d}{dt} (\rho_b H_s) = w_s A C$$

$$\frac{dH}{dt} = \frac{Q_{in} - Q_{out}}{A} + \frac{w_s C}{\rho_b}$$

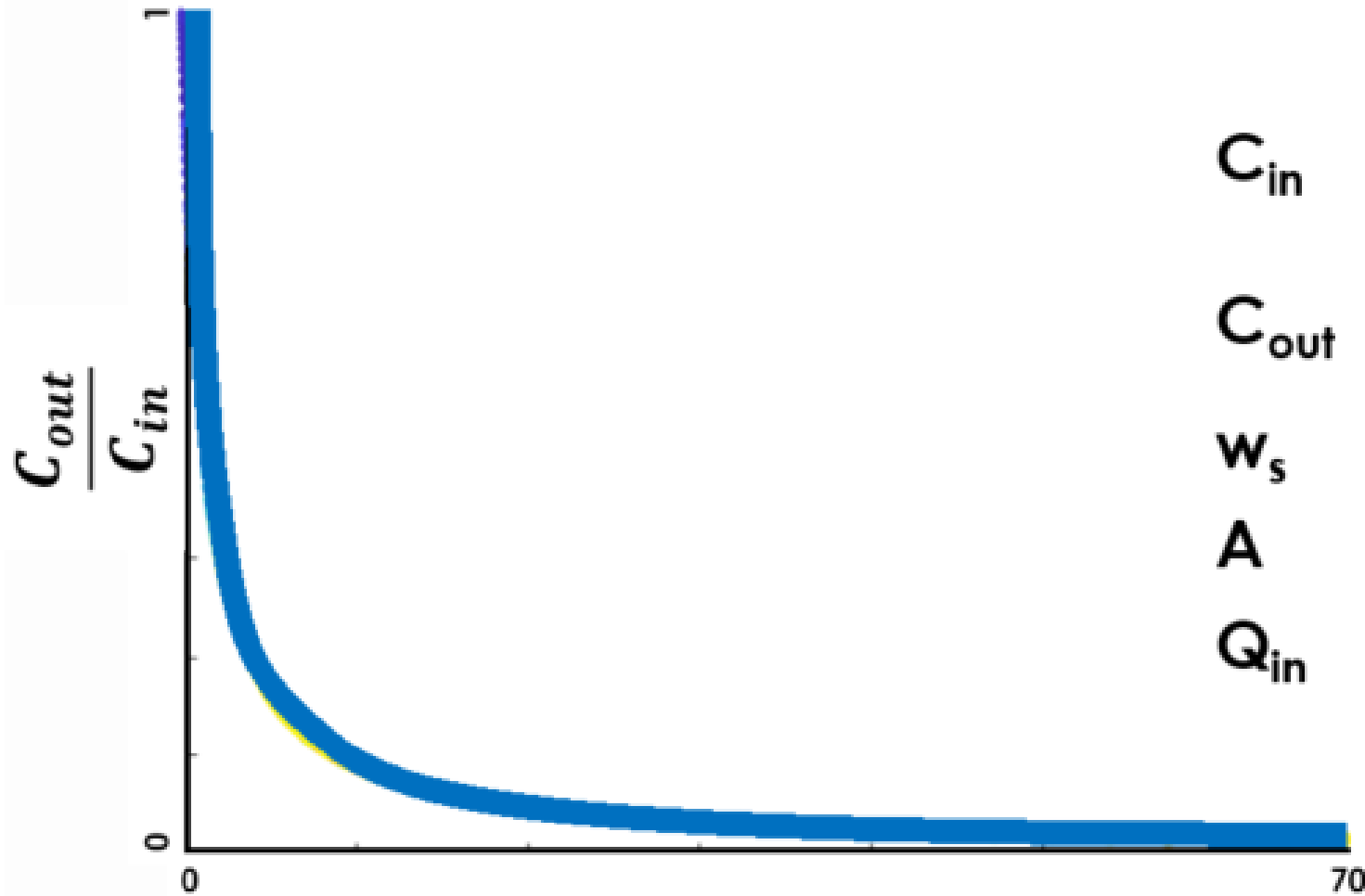
$$\frac{dH_s}{dt} = \frac{w_s C}{\rho_b}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \left[\frac{1}{H - H_s} \right] \left(\frac{Q_{in}(C_{in} - C)}{A} - w_s C \right)$$

Our model shows up to 80% of the total sediment is captured in the intake structure



Sediment capture depends on BRC design and site conditions



C_{in} Inflow concentration g/m^3

C_{out} Outflow concentration g/m^3

w_s Settling velocity m/s

A Area of structure m^3

Q_{in} Flowrate in m^3/s

$$\frac{w_s A}{Q_{in}}$$

Optimizing BRC design can prolong performance and improve water quality



Height of sediment

(m)

